| WESTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK |                  |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| SOLOMON BOOMER,              |                  |
| Plaintiff,                   | DECISION & ORDER |
| Tiumeni,                     | 03-CV-6348L      |
| v.                           |                  |
| JOSE DEPERIO, et al.,        |                  |
| Defendants.                  |                  |

Plaintiff in the above-captioned matter has filed a *pro se* Complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C § 1983, alleging that defendants violated his constitutional rights by acting with deliberate indifference to his serious medical needs. (Docket # 6). Currently before this Court is plaintiff's motion for the appointment of counsel. (Docket # 50). For the following reasons, plaintiff's motion is denied.

It is well-settled that there is no constitutional right to appointed counsel in civil cases. However, under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e), the Court may appoint counsel to assist indigent litigants. *See, e.g., Sears, Roebuck and Co. v. Charles W. Sears Real Estate, Inc.*, 865 F.2d 22, 23 (2d Cir. 1988). Such assignment of counsel is clearly within the judge's discretion. *In re Martin-Trigona*, 737 F.2d 1254 (2d Cir. 1984). The factors to be considered in deciding whether or not to assign counsel include the following:

- 1. Whether the indigent's claims seem likely to be of substance;
- 2. Whether the indigent is able to investigate the crucial facts concerning his claim;

- 3. Whether conflicting evidence implicating the need for cross-examination will be the major proof presented to the fact finder;
- 4. Whether the legal issues involved are complex; and
- 5. Whether there are any special reasons why appointment of counsel would be more likely to lead to a just determination.

Hendricks v. Coughlin, 114 F.3d 390, 392 (2d Cir. 1997); see also Hodge v. Police Officers, 802 F.2d 58 (2d Cir. 1986).

The Court must consider the issue of appointment carefully, of course, because "every assignment of a volunteer lawyer to an undeserving client deprives society of a volunteer lawyer available for a deserving cause." *Cooper v. A. Sargenti Co., Inc.*, 877 F.2d 170, 172 (2d Cir. 1989). Therefore, the Court must first look to the "likelihood of merit" of the underlying dispute, *Hendricks v. Coughlin*, 114 F.3d at 392; *Cooper v. A. Sargenti Co., Inc.*, 877 F.2d at 174, and "even though a claim may not be characterized as frivolous, counsel should not be appointed in a case where the merits of the . . . claim are thin and his chances of prevailing are therefore poor." *Carmona v. United States Bureau of Prisons*, 243 F.3d 629, 632 (2d Cir. 2001) (denying counsel on appeal where petitioner's appeal was not frivolous but nevertheless appeared to have little merit).

The Court has reviewed the facts presented herein in light of the factors required by law and finds, pursuant to the standards promulgated by *Hendricks*, 114 F.3d at 392, and *Hodge v. Police Officers*, 802 F.2d at 58, that the appointment of counsel is not necessary at this time. As stated above, a plaintiff seeking the appointment of counsel must demonstrate a likelihood of success on the merits. *See id.* This, plaintiff has failed to do. Moreover, the legal issues in this case do not appear to be complex, nor does it appear that conflicting evidence will

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implicate the need for extensive cross-examination at trial. It is therefore the Decision and Order

of this Court that plaintiff's motion for the appointment of counsel (Docket # 50) is DENIED

without prejudice at this time. It is the plaintiff's responsibility to retain an attorney or press

forward with this lawsuit pro se. 28 U.S.C. § 1654.

To the extent plaintiff has also requested the Court's permission to file a separate

"motion for discovery," he may file such motion with the Clerk of the Court within two weeks of

the date of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Marian W. Payson

MARIAN W. PAYSON United States Magistrate Judge

Dated: Rochester, New York

November <u>4</u>, 2008

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